

JAVA Query Tool Guide



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1 Introduction

Welcome to the JSQL (*Java Version Query Tool*) User's Guide. DBMaker is a powerful and flexible *SQL Database Management System (DBMS)* that supports an interactive Structured Query Language (SQL), a Microsoft Open Database Connectivity (ODBC) compatible interface, and Embedded SQL for C (*ESQL/C*). The unique open architecture and native ODBC interface adds the freedom to build custom applications using a wide variety of programming tools, or to query a database using ODBC compliant applications.

JSQL is a graphical user interface (GUI) that hides the complexity of the DBMS and query language behind an intuitive, easy to understand, and convenient interface. It allows users to quickly manage and manipulate the database without the trouble of entering formal commands using SQL.

This manual gives systematic instructions on how to use JSQL tool to log in to a database, to run an SQL query, and view query results by table mode or plain text mode. Users should have some SQL language knowledge before using JSQL.

JSQL has a wide variety of features that enable users to effectively manage databases:

- Run multiple query commands simultaneously
- View query results by plain text mode/table mode
- Load/save SQL commands
- Execute by batch file
- Multiple query results viewed for table mode

1.1 Additional Resources

DBMaker provides a complete set of DBMS manuals in addition to this one. For more information on a particular subject, consult one of the books listed below:

- For an introduction to DBMaker's capabilities and functions, refer to the DBMaker Tutorial.
- For more information on designing, administering, and maintaining a DBMaker database, refer to the *Database Administrator's Guide*.
- For more information on DBMaker management, refer to the JServer Manager User's Guide.
- For more information on DBMaker configurations, refer to the Configuration Tool Reference.
- For more information on DBMaker functions, refer to the DBA Tool User's Guide.
- For more information on the dmSQL interface tool, refer to the dmSQL User's Guide.
- For more information on the DCI COBOL Interface, refer to the DCI User's Guide.
- For more information on the ESQL/C programming, refer to the ESQL/C User's Guide.
- For more information on the native ODBC API and JDBC API, refer to the ODBC Programmer's Guide and JDBC Programmer's Guide.
- For more information on error and warning messages, refer to the Error and Message Reference.

1.2 Technical Support

CASEMaker provides thirty days of complimentary email and phone support during the evaluation period. When software is registered an additional thirty days of support is included. This extends the total support period for software to sixty days. However, CASEMaker continues to provide email support for any bugs reported after the complimentary support or registered support expires (free of charge).

For most products, support is available beyond sixty days and may be purchased for twenty percent of the retail price of the product. Please contact sales@casemaker.com for details and prices.

CASEMaker support contact information, by post mail, phone, or email, for your area is at: www.casemaker.com/support. We recommend searching the most current database of FAQ's before contacting CASEMaker support staff.

Please have the following information available when phoning support for a troubleshooting enquiry or include this information in your correspondence:

- Product name and version number
- Registration number
- Registered customer name and address
- Supplier/distributor where product was purchased
- Platform and computer system configuration
- Specific action(s) performed before error(s) occurred
- Error message and number, if any
- Any additional information deemed pertinent

1.3 Document Conventions

This book uses a standard set of typographical conventions for clarity and ease of use. The NOTE, Procedure, Example, and Command Line conventions also have a second setting used with indentation.

CONVENTION	DESCRIPTION
Italics	Italics indicate placeholders for information that you must supply, such as user and table names. The word in italics is not typed, but replaced by the actual name. Italics also introduce new words, and occasionally for emphasis in text.
Boldface	Boldface indicates filenames, database names, table names, column names, user names, and other database schema objects. It is also used to emphasize menu commands in procedural steps.
KEYWORDS	All keywords used by the SQL language appear in uppercase when used in normal paragraph text.
SMALL CAPS	Small capital letters indicate keys on the keyboard. A plus sign (+) between two key names indicates to hold down the first key while pressing the second. A comma (,) between two key names indicates to release the first key before pressing the second key.
NOTE	Contains important information.
⊃ Procedure	Indicates that procedural steps or sequential items will follow. Many tasks are described using this format to provide a logical sequence of steps for the user to follow.
⊃ Example	Examples are given to clarify descriptions, and commonly include text, as it will appear on the screen. Other forms of this convention include Prototype and Syntax.
Command Line	Indicates text, as it should appear on a text-delimited screen. This format is commonly used to show input and output for dmSQL commands or the content in the dmconfig.ini file.

Table 1-1Document Conventions

2 JSQL Basics

This chapter introduces the layout of the *JSQL* Workspace and contains general information its components.

2.1 JSQL Workspace

The following graphic displays the important features of the Workspace. Users can input SQL query commands in the Command Entry Area, and view the results in the Command Result Area. The Command Result Area supports two formats, plain text mode and table mode. Use the tabbed panel to control the result format. This tool uses dmSQL, but does not support loading/unloading of host variables.

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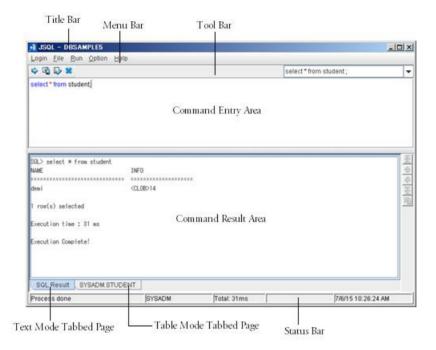


Figure 2-1: JSQL Tool Workspace

Title Bar

The title bar displays the program name "JSQL" and the Minimize, Maximize, and Close buttons.

Menu Bar

The menu bar displays JSQL's pull-down menus. Each menu contains a list of related commands.

Toolbar

The toolbar is a palette of command buttons and drop-down list boxes for many commonly used functions.

Command Entry Area

The Command Entry Area is the main window in the JSQL Workspace. You can use the Command Entry Area to enter commands.

You can input more than one command to execute, but separate each command with a semicolon. You can also input or load from external files to the command window. Press F5 or click RUN button to execute multiple SQL commands.

For more information on the SQL language used in JSQL, refer to the SQL command and function references.

Command Result Area

The results display as a plain text (like *dmSQL* tool), or a table below the command window When execute queries.

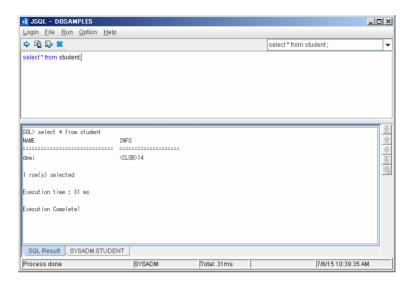
Whether or not the command executes successly, the success or error message should displays in result area.

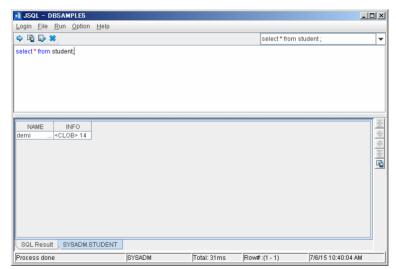
Example:

1. Enter a command into the **Command Entry Area**. For example:

- 2. Press F5 or click the Run button () to execute the SQL command. Separate multiple commands with a semicolon. The query results display in the Command Result Area.
- **3.** Press F4 or click the Clear button () to cancel the command.

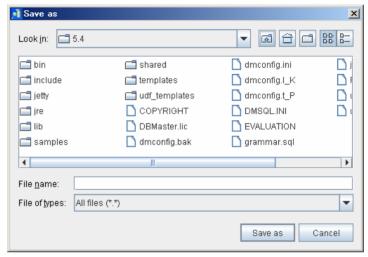
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NOTE Selecting the check box next to Show query result table from the Option menu. The SQL command executing results will show at table mode.

- **4.** Use the up and down arrows to adjust record's order or view the remaining records in table when viewing a large number of records.
- **5.** Click the **Save table** button to save the request result into an external file. A **Save** dialog box appears.



- **6.** Enter a name and location for the file in the dialog box.
- 7. Click Save.

Status Bar

The status bar describes the current activity in the Workspace and displays the total time to execute commands.

3 Using JSQL

This chapter describes JSQL functions, including:

- Run multiple query commands simultaneously
- View query results by plain text mode/table mode
- Load/save SQL commands
- Execute by batch file
- Multiple query results viewed for table mode

The menu bar contains the following, it has login, connect, disconnect, file, exit, save, load, run, execute, execute batch, option, preference option.

The tool bar part of the *JSQL* tool allows you to run commands, save commands, load commands, and clear commands.

3.1 Database Login

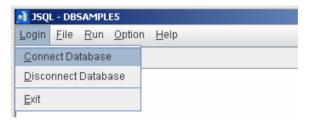
This section provides instructions for connecting and disconnecting from databases.

Connecting to a Database

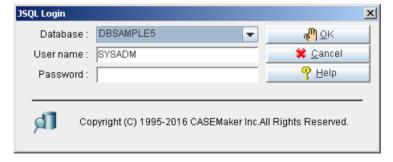
Connect to any single-user database on a local computer or a client/server database running on a remote computer.

To connect to a database:

1. Select Connect DataBase from the Login menu.



2. The Connect dialog box appears.

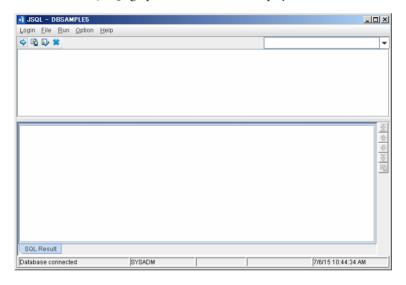


3. Select a database from the **Database** menu in the JSQL tool login window.

4. Enter you user ID in the User name field.

NOTE If a default user ID has already been set, then the default user ID automatically displays in the User Name field.

- **5.** If you require a password to connect to the database, enter it in the **Password** field.
- **6.** Click **OK**. The JSQL graphical user interface displays.



Disconnecting from a Database

Use the Menu command to disconnect from a single database.

To disconnect from a database:

1. Select **Disconnect** from the **Database** menu. You disconnect from a database.

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3.2 Files

You can save SQL commands to an external file or load SQL commands into the command window from external file.

Saving Commands

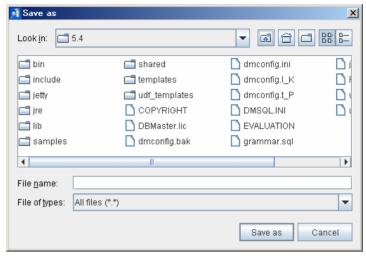
You can save query result data into an external file.

To save SQL commands:

1. Select **Save Command** from the **File** menu. The **Save command** dialog box displays.



- **2.** The **Save command to** field specifies the path to which command files are placed.
- **3.** You can identify a new location for the command file directory by entering a directory path in the field or by selecting a path using the browse button (...).
- **4.** Selecting the browse button opens the **Save as** dialog box.



- a) Enter a name and location for the file in the dialog box
- **b)** Click the Save as button.
- **5.** Choose an encoding method from the **Choose encoding method** drop down list. *JSQL* supports three encoding methods to save the command: **Default**, **Unicode Little**, or **Unicode Big**.
- 6. Click OK.

Loading Commands

You can also load SQL commands into the command window from external files.

To load commands:

1. Choose Load command from the File menu. The Open dialog appears.



- **2.** Select the location of the file from the **Look in** field.
- **3.** Click the **Open** button. A confirmation dialog box appears.



- **4.** Click **OK**. The load command appears in the SQL command entry area.
- **5.** Press **F5** or click the **Run** button () to execute the SQL command.

3.3 Executing Commands

You can use JSQL tool to run a batch file directly without loading the command.

Execute SQL

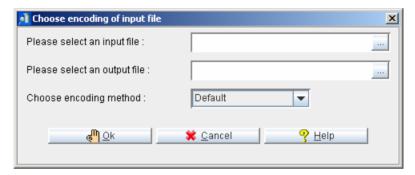
Use Execute SQL to execute SQL commands. You can perform the same by pushing F5 or clicking the Run button ().

Execute Batch

You can run a batch file directly without load commands to the command window.

To execute batch commands:

1. Select Execute Batch from the Run menu. The Choose Encoding of input file dialog box appears.



- **2.** Enter a directory for the input file in the **Please select an input file** field or by using the accompanying browse button (....).
- **3.** Enter a directory for the result to save in the **Please select an output file** field or by using the browse button (...).
- **4.** Select an encoding method from the Choose encoding method drop down list. Four methods are supported for encoding file: Default, Auto, Unicode Little, or Unicode Big.
- **5.** Click **OK**. The input command saves into the output file using the selected encoding method.

3.4 Options

JSQL Tool allows you to set preferences for the user interface. The following settings are available in the user preference window.

Max history command: sets the number of history records to save in the database.

Show query result table: the query result will show as table mode below command window.

Max number of Records: sets the number of records to retrieve from a table at one time when viewing a large number of records.

Preference

Preferences include the number of max history commands, show query result table, max number of records option.

Preference

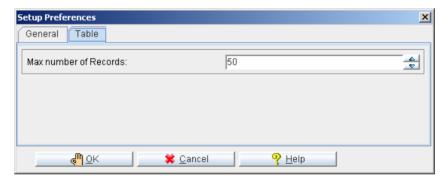
1. Select **Preference** from the **Option** menu on the menu bar.



2. The Setup Preference window will appear with the General page displayed.



- **3.** To change the **Max history command**, click the field and enter a new value, or using the upward and downward arrow to adjust the value.
- **4.** Selecting the check box next to **Show query result table**. A check mark in the box indicates the query result will show as table mode.
- **5.** Clicking the **Table** tab in the **Setup Preference** window opens the **Table** page.



- **6.** To change the **Max number of Records**, click the field and enter a new value, or using the upward and downward arrow to adjust the value.
- 7. Click OK.

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4 Menu Items and Toolbar Reference

This chapter describes the commands contained in JSQL's pull-down menus and toolbars.

4.1 Pull-Down Menu Commands

This section describes each of the items in JSQL's pull-down menus.

MENU	COMMAND	DESCRIBE
Login	Connect DB	Connect to a database on a local computer or a client/server on a remote computer.
	Disconnect DB	Disconnects the current database session.
	Exit	Exit JSQL.
	Save command	Save query result to an extern file.
File	Load command	Load SQL command into command window from external file.
	Execute SQL	Execute SQL command.
Run	Execute Batch	Run a batch file directly without load command at the plain command window.
Option	Preference	Set preferences for the user interface.
	Help	Call JSQL online-help manual.
Help	DBMaker Website	Connect to DBMaker website.
	About	Explain JSQL's general information.

Table 4-1 JSQL pull down menu

4.2 Toolbar Commands

Several commonly used commands are also available as buttons and drop-down list boxes in the JSQL toolbar.

The following table lists the icons appear in the JSQL tool's toolbar.

ICON	DESCRIBE
•	Run SQL Command Shortcut key: F5
	Save Command
	Load Command
*	Clear Command Shortcut key: F4

Table 4-2 Query Toolbar icons list

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